

1stCycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION

(Class course L12: Applied Languages)

Laurea in MEDIAZIONE LINGUISTICA E CULTURALE (L12: Mediazione Linguistica)

Course Catalogue

Academic year starts the last week of September and ends the first week of June.

1st Semester - Starting date: last week of September, end date: 3rd week of January

2nd Semester - Starting date: last week of February, end date: 1stweek of June

Exams Sessions: I) from last week of January to 3rd week of February, II) from 2nd week of June to end of July, III) from 1st to 3rd week of September

Comprehensive Scheme of the 1st Cycle Degree in MODERN LANGUAGES AND INTER-CULTURAL STUDIES

Class L12: Applied Languages

YEAR	CODE	COURSE Class E12. Applied Ed	Credits (ECTS)	Semester
ILAK	DQ0046	Introduction to Linguistics	12	2
	DQ0040	Contemporary Italian Literature	6	1
	or	or	0	'
	DQ0024	Comparative Literature	6	2
	DQ0024	Dialectology and Geolinguistics	6	1
	DQ0046		0	ı
	DO0104	2 courses, <u>24 ECTS</u> , among the following (*)	12	1-2
	DQ0104 DQ0112	Spanish Language and Linguistics I		1-2
I		German Language and Linguistics I	12 12	
	DQ0116	English Language and Linguistics I	I .	1-2 1
	DQ0110	History of Cultural Anthropology T	6	
	DQ0064	Geography of Power T	6	2
	D0014/	Other courses / activities for <u>6 ECTS</u> among:	1 2	1
	DQ0146	Introduction to Informatics	3	1
	DQ0144	Other Knowledge and competencies	3	2
	DQ0143	Traineeship-1	3	1 or 2
	DQ0262	Traineeship-2	6	1 or 2
	D001FF	2 courses, <u>24 ECTS</u> , among the following (*)	10	4
	DQ0155	Spanish Literature I	12	1
	DQ0057	English Literature I	12	
	DQ0135	German Literature I	12	I
	D000/1	2 courses, <u>24 ECTS</u> , among the following (*)	10	1
	DQ0061	Spanish Language and Linguistics II	12	1
II	DQ0108	English Language and Linguistics II	12	2
	DQ0202	German Language and Linguistics II	12	2
	DQ0118	Introduction to contemporary History	6	1
	D001/2	1 course, <u>6 ECTS</u> , among the list below:		4
	DQ0163	Data Processing Systems T	6	1
	DQ0067	Geography of Africa T (2 nd Part of DQ0064)	6	2
	DQ0122	French Literature I/A	6	1
	D00000	1 course, <u>6 ECTS</u> , among the following (*)		1
	DQ0020	Romance Philology	6	1
	DQ0133	German Philology T/A	6	I
	DO0017	1 course, <u>6 ECTS</u> , among the following (*)		2
	DQ0017	Spanish Literature II/A German Literature II/A	6	2
	DQ0200		6	2 2
	DQ0059	English Literature II/A (**),	6	2
	0r	or American Literature (**)	6	1
III	DQ0096		0	I
	DO0100	2 courses, <u>12 ECTS</u> , among the following ^(*) Spanish Language and Translation I	4	1
	DQ0198 DQ0098	English Language and Translation I	6	1
	DQ0098 DQ0199		6	1
	טעט ואא	German Language and Translation I	0	
	D00043	2 courses, <u>12 ECTS</u> , among the following (*)	,	1
	DQ0062	Spanish Language and Linguistics III	6	
	DQ0117	English Language and Linguistics III	6	2
	DQ0203	German Language and Linguistics III	6	1
	DQ0147	Free choice courses, for a total of <u>12 ECTS</u> ,	12	1-2
/*\	DQ0149	Thesis	6	2

^(*) Each student choices 2 Languages. The courses related to the 2 selected languages are compulsory (**) A student studying English can choice between DQ0059 or DQ0096

Programme of "LINGUISTICA GENERALE" "INTRODUCTION TO LINGUISTICS"
ID CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1 st year, 2 st semester

	"INTRODUCTION TO LINGUISTICS"			
DQ0046, Compulsory				
Firs	First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1st year, 2st semester			
Т		per of ECTS credits: 12 (workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)		
Tea	cher: Anna M. THORNTON	The course is an Introduction to the main basic concepts in Linguistics, and to the analysis of		
1	Course objectives	languages. Students are presented the main concepts of general linguistics (communication, human language, arbitrariness of linguistic signs, the levels of linguistic analysis, factors in language variation) and are trained in some basic techniques, such as IPA transcription, morpheme segmentation, tree diagramming. Exercises are given as homework and sometimes discussed in class. The course is placed in the first semester of the first year, and is propedeutic to further learning about the structure of the foreign languages studied.		
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	The course covers the following basic topics: the factors involved in communication, human communication, linguistic communication; languages of the world, languages of Italy; signs, linguistic signs: arbitrariness of linguistic signs; articulatory phonetics: the human vocal organs and the mechanisms used in producing different kinds of sounds (vowels, stops, fricatives, affricates, nasals, trills, laterals, approximants); the IPA; relations between phonology and spelling; phonology: phonemes and allophones, phonological features and rules; morphology: lexemes, word-forms, word tokens; paradigms; inflection; grammatical features; agreement and government; lexicon and semantics: lexeme-formation; loans and calques; semantic relations between lexemes; syntax: phrases and sentences; types of phrases; tree diagrams; ambiguous sentences; valency of verbs; argument structure and semantic roles; grammatical relations (S, O, IO); order of constituents and manipulations of basic order; pragmatics: speech acts, illocutionary acts, performatives; functions of language; sociolinguistics: factors in language variation. On successful completion of this module, the students should: have knowledge and understanding of the concepts and topics listed above; demonstrate skill in reading phonetic and phonological transcriptions of words in their native language and in the languages they study and ability to transcribe words in their native language using IPA; demonstrate skill in analyzing data from different languages and recognize allophonic and phonological oppositions; demonstrate skill in analyzing data from different languages and recognize morphemes and allomorphs, and relations between forms in a paradigm; understand and recognize different lexeme-formation processes (suffixing, prefixing, parasynthesis, conversion, compounding, neoclassical compounding); understand semantic roles and grammatical relations; recognize the semantic role and grammatical relation of the constituents in a given sentence; recog		
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	 recognize the function and illocutionary value of utterances in context. The student must know the language of instruction (Italian) and have basic knowledge of at least one other language. No previous study of Linguistics is required. 		
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, exercises, home work Language: Italian Textbooks and other material: -Grazia Basile, Federica Casadei, Luca Lorenzetti, Giancarlo Schirru, Anna M. Thornton, Linguistica generale, Roma, Carocci, 2010Silvia Luraghi, Anna M. Thornton, Linguistica generale: esercitazioni ed autoverifica, Roma, Carocci, 2004. Handouts and further readings and exercises distributed through the e-learning platform of the		

		University (http://didattica.univaq.it/moodle/).
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Summative assessment: Written exam, containing both multiple-choice questions and open questions requiring short and precise answers. The test requires analysis of linguistic data from Italian and other languages, applying the knowledge and skills acquired in the course

	Programme of "LETTERATURA ITALIANA CONTEMPORANEA" "CONTEMPORARY ITALIAN LITERATURE"				
	DQ0130, Dependent Compulsory First cycle degree in <i>LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION</i> , 2 nd Year, 1 st Semester				
_		of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)			
Tea	cher: Anna Maria Iorio	The course intended to give a brief cutting of the risk and varied production of the 20th Continu			
1	Course objectives	The course intends to give a brief outline of the rich and varied production of the 20 th Century Italian novel, from the innovative Svevo's <i>Coscienza di Zeno</i> to the most significant narrative works published in the second half of the century.			
		Course content: After a historical and theoretical introduction, the course will deal with some specific aspects of novels by Svevo, Tozzi, Gadda, Moravia, Morante, Pavese, Fenoglio, P.Levi, Pasolini, and Calvino. Topics of the module will include both the reading of selected texts by these authors and the analysis of their language, styles and themes. Authors and novels will be placed in their historical and cultural contexts.			
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	On successful completion of this module, the students should: o know the historical, social and cultural contexts of the contemporary novels analyzed and their authors; o be able to identify rhetoric and narrative strategies; o be able to describe and interpret the Italian contemporary novel; o be able to identify and discuss themes, language and style used by novelists; o be able to present critically authors, texts and issues addressed by the module in a clear and concise manner; o be able to give an independent opinion.			
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Basic knowledge of the Italian novel of the 19 th and early 20 th Century, from Manzoni to Pirandello.			
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion, homework. The students will be encouraged to actively participate to the lectures, by making questions and discussing the texts presented in the classroom. Language: Italian .Text books: -Casadei, A, Stile e tradizione nel romanzo italiano contemporaneo, Il Mulino, Bologna, 2007 (solo Introduzione e Parte prima, pp.7- 138) -4 novels selected from: Svevo, I., La coscienza di Zeno; Tozzi, F., Il podere; Moravia, A., Gli indifferenti; Gadda, C.E, La cognizione del dolore; Pavese, C. La luna e i falò; Pasolini P,.P. Una vita violenta; Fenoglio, B. Il partigiano Johnny; Tomasi di Lampedusa, Il Gattopardo; Morante, E. La Storia; Calvino, I. Se una notte d'inverno un viaggiatore.			
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Summative assessment: Oral exam. It will starts with the discussion and analysis of one text read and commented upon during the course. Then it will require answers to some questions aiming to evaluate: (a) the achieved level of knowledge and understanding of the twentieth-century Italian authors and novels; (b) the capacity to define and illustrate the formal and thematic characteristics of some novels; (c) the ability to express their acquired knowledge and competence in a clear and concise manner; (d) the ability to critically apply the learned tools and analytical methodologies to the interpretation of a single novel; (e) the capacity to work independently and express a personal critical viewpoint.			

Programme of LETTERATURE COMPARATE T/ A COMPARATIVE LITERATURE T A

DQ0024,	ELECTIVE wi	thin a set of	selected	courses
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	DQ0024, ELECTIVE within a set of selected courses First cycle degree in <i>Linguistic and Cultural Mediation</i> , L12, 2 nd Year, 2 nd Semester				
FIIS	Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)				
Tea	ncher: Massimo FUSILLO	of Let's cleans. 6 (workload is 300 flours, 1 cleant - 25 flours)			
1	Course objectives	The course will introduce students to the history and methodologies of comparative literature as critical approach, with a special emphasis on the categories of reception and adaptation. It aims to have them actively read and compare texts belonging to different ages, cultures and genres, and their adaptations in different media (performance, cinema, visual arts).			
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Course content: After a historical and theoretical introduction, the course will deal each year with a different literary theme or genre, analyzing its cultural metamorphosis from ancient archetypes to contemporary age, its different versions and its adaptations in cinema and other arts. This year the theme is: <i>The tree of possibilities: fantasies, dreams, virtual worlds.</i> It will deal with the following texts: ✓ Wachovski, Lana e Andy (1999), <i>Matrix</i> , USA ✓ Cervantes, M. de (2015), <i>Don Chisciotte della Mancia</i> , Torino, Einaudi. ✓ Massenet, J. (2006), <i>Don Quichotte</i> , regia Federico Tiezzi, DVD Bongiovanni ✓ Nerval, G. de (1966), <i>Aurelia</i> , in <i>I racconti</i> , Torino, Einaudi ✓ James, H. (2005), <i>L'angolo allegro</i> , in <i>Racconti di fantasmi</i> , Torino, Einaudi ✓ Borges, J.L. (2005), <i>Il giardino dei sentieri che si biforcano</i> , in <i>Finzioni</i> , Torino, Einaudi ✓ Bioy Casares, A. (2000), <i>L'invenzione di Morel</i> , Milano, Bompiani. On successful completion of the course content, students should: o be aware of comparative literature as methodology; o be able to read and critically understand the primary texts; o be aware of the interplay between transcultural constants and historical variations;			
		 be able to identify rhetoric and narrative strategies in literary texts; be ableto make comparisons between different literary traditions and different artistic languages; be able to identify and discuss some of the critical issues raised by literary texts; understand the changing status of authorship, literary text, readership, fiction in different contexts; understand issues of empathy, perception, visuality in different media. 			
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Full mastery of written and oral expression in mother tongue. The ability to differentiate between primary and secondary sources will be also required as a course prerequisite. As far as possible, students will be asked to actively express themselves in the classroom.			
4	Teaching methods and language	The module's outline structure is delivered through a series of lectures on the literary texts and the movies of the programme, and on major related critical and cultural topics. These provide direction and contexts for students' assigned books reading and individual study of the literary texts. Language: Italian Text books: -Erich Auerbach (2002), <i>Mimesis.II realismo nella letteratura occidentale</i> (6 chapters for each volume), Turin, Einaudi -F. Brioschi, C. Di Girolamo, M. Fusillo, <i>Introduzione alla letteratura</i> , revised edition, 2013.			
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures, by making questions and discussing the texts presented in class. Summative assessment: Oral exam. The oral exam moves from one of the texts of the syllabus to assess the student's knowledge and understanding of the assigned readings, and consists of the answer to 3 questions aiming to evaluate the achieved level of knowledge and understanding of the authors presented in the course and the capacity to define and illustrate the formal and thematic characteristics of their writing (30%), the capacity to understand and explain the interplay between transcultural constants and historical variations and the ability to identify rhetoric and narrative strategies in literary texts (30%), the ability to explain and critically explain the changing status of authorship, literary text, readership, fiction in different contexts (20%) as well as issues of empathy, perception, visuality in different media (20%).			

Programme of "DIALETTOLOGIA E GEOLINGUISTICA" "DIALECTOLOGY AND GEOLINGUISTICS" DQ0048, Compulsory First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1st year, 1st semester Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours) Teacher: Francesco AVOLIO Describing and explaining the extraordinary linguistic variability in Italy is the principal aim of Course objectives this unit. In fact, this kind of variability is certainly one of the most important elements of the Italian "immaterial" cultural heritage. The lessons will give a detailed outline about the following topics: a) "language" and "dialect", in Italy and abroad; b) the linguistic structure of Italy; c) Italian and European, national and regional linguistic atlases; d) linguistic minorities in the Italian territory; e) the linguistic repertoire and its different varieties: "common", "regional", "popular" Italian, "regional" dialect, "local" dialect etc.; f) traditional and recent relationships between oral and written uses of language. Course content and 2 Learning outcomes (Dublin At the end of this unit, the student should: descriptors) have a good knowledge of some theoretical linguistic concepts (e.g. "standard language", "dialect", "linguistic area", "cultural identity" etc.); have a good knowledge of the multilingual Italian situation, with a critical approach to the most common judgments about it: understand and analyze the principal phenomena of the linguistic Italian regions; understand the reasons of the different kinds of linguistic variations and code switching: demonstrate **skill in analyzing** sounds and a certain ability with the IPA alphabet; demonstrate capacity in reading and understanding linguistic maps and their data. Prerequisites and learning At the beginning of the unit either a good knowledge of physical and politic geography of Italy 3 activities and Europe or a good preparation in Italian grammar are required. Exercises and home works concerning phonetic transcription and linguistic geography Language: Italian Ref. Text books: -F. AVOLIO, Lingue e dialetti d'Italia, Roma, Carocci, 2009. Teaching methods Who can't attend the unit will study also: 4 and language -G. BERRUTO, Le varietà del repertorio, and -G. FRANCESCATO, Sociolinguistica delle minoranze, A. A. SOBRERO (ed.), Introduzione all'italiano contemporaneo. La variazione e gli usi, Bari, Laterza, 2006¹¹, pp. 3-36 and 311-340. Summative assessment: Oral exam, with a short test concerning the knowledge of the IPA The oral exam consists in answering 4 questions concerning the different parts of the Assessment methods and 5 programme. The teacher will take in consideration: a) the general knowledge of the subject, criteria with the capacity to review it with a personal approach (50%); b) the ability to read, understand and explain examples from the texts used during the lectures (30%); c) the

Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA SPAGNOLA I" "SPANISH LANGUAGE AND LINGUISTICS I"

speaking skills, and particularly the level of language and terminology (20%)

DQ0104, Dependent Compulsory

First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1st year, 1st and 2nd semester

Number of ECTS credits: 12 (workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)

Teacher: Juan Carlos BARBERO BERNAL

1	Course objectives	The module comprises a main unit of 72 lectures plus about 100 hours of lessons for practical training and exercise, given by mother tongue specialist teachers. The overall objective of the module is twofold:
1	Course objectives	1) active Spanish language skills on level B1 in all linguistic abilities (reading, writing, speaking and listening);
		2) basic meta-linguistic knowledge about Spanish language in the fields of phonology,
		morphology, syntax and discourse.
		According to the European Framework of Reference, on successful completion of this module students "can understand the main points of clear standard input on familiar matters, regularly encountered in work, school, leisure, etc. They can deal with most situations likely to arise whilst travelling in an area where the language is spoken. Can produce simple connected text on topics which are familiar or of personal interest. Can describe experiences and events, dreams, hopes and ambitions and briefly give reasons and explanations for opinions and plans".
		Linguistics topics of the module include: - sounds and graphemes; phonological vs. orthographic rules;
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin	- morpho-syntax and conversational discourse markers;
	descriptors)	On successful completion of the course
		Students acquire a good knowledge about the structure of Contemporary Standard
		Spanish and important cultural aspects of interlinguistic communication.
		 They apply this knowledge both in receptive and productive writing and speaking skills, appropriate for their basic to intermediate level.
		They can analyze and evaluate language structures and describe them using the
		appropriate terminology. o They can identify basic language structures and compare them cross-linguistically
		 They can identify basic language structures and compare them cross-linguistically between different languages they know.
		Students must be basic users of Spanish (CEFR level A1), otherwise he/she can attend an
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	extra teaching unit to catch up. Students must have an adequate competence in general language skills in his/her mother tongue, such as language awareness, meta-linguistic
	activities	thinking, basic grammatical knowledge, etc.
		Lectures, in-class training and exercise, homework, narrative text reading and work with other
		linguistic input Language: Spanish (and Italian)
		Ref. Text books:
4	Teaching methods and language	- Barbero, Juan Carlos; Bermejo, Felisa; San Vicente, Félix (2012): <i>Contrastiva</i> .
		Grammatica della lingua spagnola. Bologna: Clueb Barbero, Juan Carlos; San Vicente, Félix (2005): Actual. Cuaderno de ejercicios para
		comunicar en español.Bologna: Clueb.
		- Carrera Díaz, Manuel (1997): <i>Grammatica spagnola</i> .Bari: Laterza.
		Further texts shall be recommended during classes
		Formative assessment: The students are encouraged to actively participate in the lectures and the training classes, by
		asking questions and practicing the newly acquired language structures, both in written and oral mode. Regularly assigned homework and group presentations provide an opportunity for
		students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to practice their skills and
		deepen their analytical knowledge. During the classes, students will get the opportunity to test their level doing dictations, comprehension and production tasks of growing complexity.
		Summative assessment: Written and Oral exam. The written exam is a three hours test divided in three parts:
5	Assessment methods and	1) reading comprehension,
	criteria	2) listening comprehension, and
		3) a short writing (e.g. answering a letter from a friend). Only students who passed each single part (parts 1 to 3) are eligible to sit for the oral exam.
		The oral exam has two parts:
		4) a short speaking task about familiar topics (e.g. presenting oneself and one's family, hobbies, opinions etc.); and
		5) a part on grammar and linguistics focusing on the student's capacity to describe, analyse
		and compare language structures, using the appropriate terminology.
		The theoretical part of the exam (5) contributes for 1/3 to the total mark, whereas the four language usage tasks (parts 1 to 4) contribute for 2/3 to the total mark.
		Fianguaye usaye tasks (parts 1 to 4) continuate for 213 to the total IIIatk.

Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA INGLESE I" "ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LINGUISTICS I" **DQ0116, Dependent Compulsory** First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1st year, 1st and 2nd semester Number of ECTS credits: 12(workload is 150 hours, 1 credit= 25hours) Teacher: Liliana ERCOLE The module comprises a main unit of 72 lectures plus about 100 hours of lessons for practical training and exercise, given by mother tongue specialist teachers. The overall objective of the 1 Course objectives module is twofold: 1) active English language skills on level B1 in all linguistic abilities (reading, writing, speaking and listening): 2) basic meta-linguistic knowledge about English language According to the European Framework of Reference, on successful completion of this module students "can understand the main points of clear standard input on familiar matters, regularly encountered in work, school, leisure, etc. They can deal with most situations likely to arise whilst traveling in an area where the language is spoken. Can produce simple connected text on topics which are familiar or of personal interest. Can describe experiences and events, dreams, hopes and ambitions and briefly give reasons and explanations for opinions and plans". Course content and Linguistics topics of the module include: 2 - sounds and graphemes; phonological vs. orthographic rules; Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors) - morpho-syntax and conversational discourse markers; On successful completion of the course Students acquire a **good knowledge** about the structure of Contemporary Standard English and important cultural aspects of interlinguistics communication. They apply this knowledge both in receptive and productive writing and speaking skills, appropriate for their basic to intermediate level. They can analyze and evaluate language structures. Students must be basic users of English (level A1), if they need to they can attend remedial 3 Prerequisites and learning classes in order to catch up. Students must have an adequate competence in general activities language skills in their native language. Lectures, in-class training and exercise, homework, narrative text reading and work with other linguistic input Language: English; Italian (when needed) Ref. Text books Teaching methods 4 -Krantz, C. and Norton, J., *Navigate Course-book (pre-intermediate)*, Oxford University Press, Oxford UK, 2015 and language -Gallagher, F. Galluzzi, *Activating Grammar Digital Edition*, Pearson Longman, 2015 -A.S. Hornby, *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*, 9th Edition, Oxford University Press, Oxford UK, 2015 Further teaching materials will be given to students during lectures. Summative assessment: Written and oral exam The written exam, prerequisite to the oral exam, will assess reading, listening and writing skills. The oral exam will assess speaking skills. In particular, students must possess the 5 Assessment methods and communicative skills relevant to B1 level, allowing them to take part in a discussion regarding criteria familiar topics using appropriate and adequate morphological and syntactic structures. They must also have a good knowledge of the grammatical, lexical and phonetic items covered during the course.

Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA TEDESCA I" "GERMAN LANGUAGE AND LINGUISTICS I"

DQ0112, Dependent Compulsory

First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1st year, 1st and 2nd semester

Number of ECTS credits: 12 (workload is 300 hours, 1 credit= 25 hours)

Teacher: Barbara HANS BIANCHI

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1	Course objectives	The module comprises a main unit of 72 lectures plus about 100 hours of lessons for practical training and exercise, given by mother tongue specialist teachers. The overall objective of the module is twofold: 1) active German language skills on level B1 in all linguistic abilities (reading, writing,
		speaking and listening);
		2) basic meta-linguistic knowledge about German language in the fields of phonology, morphology and syntax.
		According to the European Framework of Reference, on successful completion of this module students "can understand the main points of clear standard input on familiar matters, regularly encountered in work, school, leisure, etc. They can deal with most situations likely to arise whilst travelling in an area where the language is spoken. Can produce simple connected text on topics which are familiar or of personal interest. Can describe experiences and events, dreams, hopes and ambitions and briefly give reasons and explanations for opinions and plans". Linguistics topics of the module include:
	Course content	- phonemes, graphemes and phonological vs. orthographic rules;
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin	- morphemes, their characteristics and behaviour;- topological model of German syntax: parenthesis structure and prominence of finite verb.
	descriptors)	Topological model of Corman syman, parentinesis structure and profilinence of fillille verb.
		On successful completion of the course
		 Students acquire a good knowledge about the structure of Contemporary Standard
		German and important cultural aspects of interlinguistic communication. They apply this knowledge both in receptive and productive writing and speaking skills,
		 They apply this knowledge both in receptive and productive writing and speaking skills, appropriate for their basic to intermediate level.
		They can analyze and evaluate language structures and describe them using the
		appropriate terminology.
		They can identify basic language structures and compare them cross-linguistically between different languages they know.
<u> </u>		between different languages they know. Students must be basic users of German (GEFR level A1), otherwise he/she can attend an
3	Prerequisites and learning	extra teaching unit to catch up. Students must have an adequate competence in general
	activities	language skills in his/her mother tongue, such as language awareness, meta-linguistic
		thinking, basic grammatical knowledge, etc.
		Lectures, in-class training and exercise, homework, narrative text reading and work with other linguistic input
		Language: German (and Italian or English, if requested)
4	Teaching methods	Ref. Text books:
	and language	- DaF kompakt A1 – B1. <i>Kursbuch und Übungsbuch (mit CD</i>). Ernst Klett 2011. - Christian Fandrych & Ulrike Tallowitz: <i>Klipp und Klar. Übungsgrammatik Grundstufe</i>
		Deutsch. Ernst Klett 2008.
		- Claudio Di Meola, La linguistica tedesca. Un'introduzione con esercizi e bibliografia
<u> </u>		ragionata. Bulzoni 2007 (second edition)
		Formative assessment: The students are encouraged to actively participate in the lectures and the training classes by
		The students are encouraged to actively participate in the lectures and the training classes, by asking questions and practicing the newly acquired language structures, both in written and oral mode. Regularly assigned homework and group presentations provide an opportunity for
		students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to practice their skills and
		deepen their analytical knowledge. During the classes, students will get the opportunity to test
		their level doing dictations, comprehension and production tasks of growing complexity. <u>Summative assessment</u> : Written and Oral exam.
		Summative assessment: written and Oral exam. The written exam is a three hours test divided in three parts:
5	Assessment methods and	1) reading comprehension (multiple choice questions),
	criteria	2) listening comprehension (multiple choice questions), and
		3) a short writing (e.g. answering a letter from a friend). Only students who passed each single part (parts 1 to 3) are cligible to sit for the oral example.
		Only students who passed each single part (parts 1 to 3) are eligible to sit for the oral exam. The oral exam has two parts:
		4) a short speaking task about familiar topics (e.g. presenting oneself and one's family,
		hobbies, opinions etc.); and
		5) a part on grammar and linguistics focusing on the student's capacity to describe, analyse
		and compare language structures, using the appropriate terminology. This part (5) can be presented in Italian or English, if requested.
		The theoretical part of the exam (5) contributes for 1/3 to the total mark, whereas the four
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	Programme of "STORIA DELL'ANTROPOLOGIA CULTURALE"				
-	"HISTORY OF CULTURAL ANTROPOLOGY"				
	DQ0110, Compulsory First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1 st year, 1 st semester				
		of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit= 25 hours)			
Tea	cher: Antonello CICCOZZI				
1	Course objectives	The goal of this course is to provide a basic framework of cultural anthropology from a historical point of view, orienting the description of the milestones of the evolution of anthropological knowledge highlighted the main aspects of the thought of the most important anthropologists, and then the main thematic nodes produced by the discipline in the course of its history.			
		Topics of this Module include:			
		A Brief History of the Culture Concept A Definition of Culture			
		 A Definition of Culture Emphases in the Culture Concept , symbolic composition, systematic patterning, learned transmission, societal grounding. Method and Theory in Cultural Anthropology 			
		- Ethnology			
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	As expected results, the student should: Have knowledge of the main stages of the history of cultural anthropological thought (embryonic stage of Cultural Anthropology, Evolutionism, Diffusionism, French Ethnography, British Functionalism, Historical Particularism, Culture and Personality School, Lévi-Strauss Structuralism, Marxist Anthropology, Cultural Materialism). be aware that also the history of a discipline underpins an historiographical strategy, where importance, selection and interpretation leads to a particular form of historicity. the ability to understand that the history of a discipline is marked by a stepped path to overcoming errors and approximations, in reflexive co-evolution with the broader sociopolitical context within schools of thought born and fade away. Have ability to judiciously apply the designed theoretical apparatus as a key to thinking and understanding contemporary social and cultural phenomena			
3	Prerequisites and learning	No prerequisites are required			
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, mainly anthology of texts and synthesis of theories prepared by the teacher Language: Italian Ref. Text books: Ugo Fabietti, Storia dell'Antropologia, Bologna, Zanichelli, 2011. Antonello Ciccozzi, Parola di scienza, Roma, DeriveApprodi, 2013.			
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to actively participate in the lectures, by asking questions and discussing the in class the interpretation of the course topics. Summative assessment: The oral exam starts with an exhaustive exposition of one of the main topics chosen by the student from the course content. Then the teacher will ask some questions in depth about the student's selected argument and some general questions from the rest of the course themes. The students must demonstrate, rather than a simple mnemonic awareness, a critical-			
		comparative comprehension of the historical process of development of the cultural anthropological knowledge.			

Programme of "GEOGRAFIA DEL POTERE T" "GEOGRAPHY OF POWER T" DQ0064, COMPULSORY

Firs	First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1st Year, 2nd Semester					
	Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours; 36 of which in class)					
Tea	Teacher: Fabiana D'ASCENZO					
1	Course objectives	The course aims to promote knowledge of migration in Italy and has a monographic nature. In the framework of the current legislation, the course covers cases relevant to an understanding of the role of territory in integration processes.				
		Course Content: 1) Italian emigration to the foreign countries (1861-1915) 2) The period between the two world wars (1922-1942) 3) The great migration of the post-war period (1946-1975) 4) Italy becomes a country of immigration (1976-2012) 5) Legislation development and current legal framework 6) Geography and migration 7) Statistical data and spatial distribution of migrants 8) The case of Castel Volturno in Campania 9) The city-ribbon and African migrants 10) Bypassing Schengen 11) Immigrate to the antiworlds				
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	 Students should be able to: understand the nature of the relationships between Geography of power and Population geography and place the Geography of power in the disciplinary context; acquire methods and theoretical tools to apply the Geography of power to the migratory phenomena; recognize the different historical phases of the Italian emigration to the foreign countries; explain why Italy, after having been the first country in the world for number of emigrants, becomes the most meaningful case of country passage of immigration among States of the European union; demonstrate the crucial role of the territory in the today's migratory dynamisms in the peninsula; analyze and criticize the Schengen Treaty, showing the ineffectiveness of his logic respect to the mobility of the people; apply to a internationally known case study, located in Campania and relating to African immigrants in Castel Volturno, the methodology of analysis illustrated during the course. 				
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	The student is supposed to know the basic notions of Geography.				
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures; class discussions; personal consultation with students. Language: Italian Ref. Text books: -Fabiana D'Ascenzo, Antimondi delle migrazioni. L'Africa a Castel Volturno, Milano, Lupetti, 2014. Other possible readings: -Laura di Michele, Luigi Gaffuri, Michela Nacci (a cura di), Interpretare la differenza, Napoli, Liquori, 2007.				
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to participate to the lectures, by making questions and discussing the topics, the data, the imagines and the cartographies presented in class. Discussions provide an opportunity for students to develop their critical analysis and interpretation. Summative assessment: Oral exam. The oral exam consists to questions aiming to evaluate the level of knowledge achieved (40%), the logical and argumentative capacities (30%), the appropriate terminology (15%), the critical attitude (15%).				

Programme of "LETTERATURA SPAGNOLA I" "SPANISH LITERATURE I"

DQ0155, ELECTIVE within a set of selected courses

First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 2nd year, 1st semester

Number of ECTS credits: 12 (workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)

Tes	ncher: Ester Lidia CICCHETTI	
		The course consists of two parts. The first one (<i>Las épocas de la literatura española</i>) is an introduction to Spanish Literatures. Presents an overview of major literary trends and cultural productions from the Middle Ages to the present day. Special attention will be given to the contemporary detective story. Students will read a representative selection of major literary works from that period.
1	Course objectives	The second part of the course (<i>La edad contemporánea</i>) consists of a panorama of Spanish Literature from 17 th century to the contemporary age. It presents a chronological study of major literary trends and cultural productions, corresponding to the cultural and aesthetic movements from the 1700s to the present day. Students will read a representative selection of major literary works from that period. Special attention will be given to the Generation of 1898.
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	The course content can be summarized as follows: This course will focus on the study of the significant historical periods and cultural movements of the Hispanic world. It is organized according to chronological eras that are marked by distinct cultural and literary movements. Areas covered will be the Middle Ages, the culture of the Renaissance and the Baroque, the Colonial Period, Enlightenment and Modernity, Nineteenth-Century Romanticism and Realism, the Avant-Gardes, Post-modernism, and new developments in the contemporary period. This course will also focus on the study of Hispanic literatures and cultures and is organized around one or more basic genres like poetry, drama, novel, and essay. Other articulating categories for the course may include epic poetry, tragic drama, short-fiction narrative, the picaresque novel, etc. On successful completion of the course content, students will: o be aware of Spanish literary history from its origins to the present day o read and understand the primary texts in the original language o be provided with such analytical tools as are necessary to produce informed interpretations and readings of the primary texts o be provided with the appropriate critical vocabulary to understand the specificity of the genre or sub-genre examined in the course o be provided with fundamental notions of rhetoric and poetics and will be able to: o identify ethical issues in literary texts o understand the interrelationships and differences between works of literature and historical sources oidentify and tackle at least some of the critical issues raised by literary texts o demonstrate capacity for reading, understanding and interpreting other texts on related topics o criticize and compare different texts of the same period understand issues of canonicity and problems associated with the construction of literary canons.
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	As far as possible, students will be asked to actively express themselves in the classroom, reading in advance the texts under examination.
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion Language: Italian and Spanish Ref. textbooks are: - Felipe B. Pedraza Jiménez et al., Las épocas de la literatura española, Barcelona, Ariel, 2002 Gabriele Morelli - Danilo Manera, Letteratura spagnola del Novecento. Dal Modernismo al Postmoderno, Milano, Bruno Mondadori, 2007 Carlos Alvar et al., Storia della letteratura spagnola, vol. II, Torino, Einaudi, 2000 - Leandro Fernández de Moratín, El sí de las niñas, Madrid, Cátedra, 2002 Antonio Machado, Campos de Castilla, Madrid, Cátedra, 2003. Four works chosen among the followings: - José Cadalso y Vázquez, Cartas marruecas - Mariano José de Larra, Artículos de Costumbres - Gustavo Adolfo Bécquer, Rimas y Leyendas - José Zorrilla, Don Juan Tenorio - Antonio Machado, Soledades, galerías y otros poemas - Miguel de Unamuno, Niebla - Miguel de Unamuno, San Manuel Bueno, mártir - Pío Baroja, El árbol de la ciencia

		- Federico García Lorca, <i>Bodas de sangre</i>
		- Federico García Lorca, La casa de Bernarda Alba
		- Federico García Lorca, Tutte le poesie
		- Camilo José Cela, <i>La familia de Pascual Duarte</i>
		- Alicia Giménez-Bartlett, <i>Nido Vacío</i>
		Enrique Vila-Matas, <i>Aire de Dylan</i>
		- Javier Marías, Mañana en la batalla piensa en mí
		Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures, by making questions and discussing the texts presented in class. This is an opportunity for
		students to work with their tutors to develop their critical analysis and interpretation of particular texts.
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Summative assessment: Oral exam. The oral exam starts from the discussion and analysis of one text read during the course and commented in class, and consists of the answer to some questions aiming to evaluate the achieved level of knowledge and understanding of the relevant authors of Spanish literature from 17th to 20th century considered in the course and the capacity to define and illustrate the formal and thematic characteristics of writing from across the period (30%), the capacity to compare literature from across the period, describing and accounting for continuities and differences, particularly the interrelations among literary works and the historical sources, and recognize the specificity of the literary text (30%), the ability to explain and critically apply the learned techniques and tools to the interpretation of the work of one Author (30%), the capacity to work independently and at higher level of difficulty (10%).

		Programme of "LETTERATURA INGLESE I"	
	"ENGLISH LITERATURE I"		
	DQ0057, Dependent Compulsory First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 2 nd year, 1 nd semester		
		f ECTS credits: 12 (workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)	
Tea	cher: Roberta FALCONE		
1	Course objectives	The course will introduce students to the English novel. Its aim is to present the development of this genre in the English Literature. The course is divided into two parts: the first goes diachronically from the Eighteenth Century to the first half of the Twentieth Century, while the second covers the contemporary production.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Course Content: Bibliography of the first part: -D. Defoe, Robinson Crusoe -J. Austen, Pride and Prejudice -C. Brontë, Jane Eyre -J. Conrad, Heart of Darkness -V. Woolf, Mrs Dalloway -P. Bertinetti, (ed.), Storia della letteratura inglese, Torino, Einaudi 2003, vol 1 e 2T. Eagleton, The English Novel: An Introduction, Oxford, Blackwell, 2005. Bibliography of the second part: -J. Fowles, The French Lieutenant's Woman (1969) -E. Figes, Nelly's Version (1977) -S. Rushdie, Midnight's Children (1981) -M. Ali, Brick Lane (2003) -I. McEwan, Saturday (2005) -R. Bertinetti, Dai Beatles a Blair: la cultura inglese contemporanea, Roma, Carrocci, 2001P. Tew, The Contemporary British Novel, London, Continuum International Publishing Company, 2007. On successful completion of the course content, students will: o know the English novel history together with the English history; o read and understand the primary texts in the original language; o know the analytical tools to analyze the primary texts;	

		 Identify the main issues in literary texts; understand issues of canonicity, and problems associated with the construction of literary canons.
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Prerequisites: B2 level in English (upper intermediate) As far as possible, students will be asked to actively participate in class discussion.
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion Language: Italian and Englishh Ref. textbooks: - P. Bertinetti, (ed.), Storia della letteratura inglese, Torino, Einaudi 2003, vol 1 & 2T. Eagleton, The English Novel: An Introduction, Oxford, Blackwell, 2005 R. Bertinetti, Dai Beatles a Blair: la cultura inglese contemporanea, Roma, Carrocci, 2001 P. Tew, The Contemporary British Novel, London, Continuum International Publishing Company, 2007.
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures, by making questions and discussing the texts presented in class. Seminars, assigned homework and presentations provide an opportunity for students to work with their tutors to develop their critical analysis and interpretation of particular texts. Summative assessment: Oral exam. The student will be able to move from one text to the others, underlining their similarities and differences. The oral exam starts from the discussion and analysis of one text read during the course and commented in class, and consists in answering 3 questions aiming to evaluate the achieved level of knowledge and understanding of the relevant authors of English literature from 18th century to nowadays considered in the course, and the capacity to define and illustrate the formal and thematic characteristics of writing from across the period (30%), the capacity to compare literature from across the period, describing and accounting for continuities and differences, particularly the interrelations among literary works and the historical sources, and recognize the specificity of the literary text (30%), the ability to explain and critically apply the learned techniques and tools to the interpretation of the work of one relevant Author (30%), the capacity to work independently and at a higher level of difficulty (10%).

	Programme of "LETTERATURA TEDESCA I e I/A" "GERMAN LITERATURE I and I/A" DQ0135, Dependent Compulsory First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 2 nd year, 1 st semester		
	Number of ECTS credits of "German Literature I": 12 (workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)		
	Number of ECTS credit	s of "German Literature I/A": 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit= 25 hours)	
Tea	cher: Luca ZENOBI		
1	Course objectives	The module comprises a main unit of 72 lectures (36 for the module 1/A). The course will introduce students to the German literature through the analysis of the theme: Fragment and Totality – the fragment as a literary genre and as a theme in the literature and in the culture of Germany from the 18th to the 20th century. The search for an organic and harmonic representation of reality through the unfinished, aphoristic, rhapsodic writing as a main character of the modernity. The crisis of language: the principal instrument of communication and of representation of the human identity called into question, destabilized and reshaped through literature and poetry.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Topics of the module include: - literary history of Germany 18th-20th century - analytical tools as are necessary to produce informed interpretations and readings of the primary texts. Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to: o Identify ethical issues in literary texts o understand the interrelationships and differences between works of literature and historical sources o identify and tackle at least some of the critical issues raised by literary texts	

		 understand the meaning of fragmentary writing, its relevance in the western culture and as a literary genre
		 understand issues of genres and problems associated with the classification of literary productions.
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Prerequisites: B1 level in German (upper intermediate); full mastery of written and oral expression in mother tongue (Italian). The ability to differentiate between primary and secondary sources will be also required as a course prerequisite. As far as possible, students will be asked to actively express themselves in the classroom, reading in advance the texts under examination.
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion about literary texts, music, images and movies. Language: Italian and German Ref. Text books (German Literature 1/A – 6 CFU): Texts: Goethe, J. W. Prometheus. Fragment; Urfaust (1999), a cura di M. Cometa, Novecento: Milano. Schiller, F. (1969) Demetrius, in Teatro, a cura di H. Mayer, Einaudi: Torino. Schlegel, F. (1998) Frammenti critici e poetici, a cura di M. Cometa, Einaudi: Torino (parts selected by the teacher). Kleist, H. v. (2011) Robert Guiskard, in Opere, Mondadori (Meridiani): Milano. G. Buchner (2003) Woyzeck, a cura di H. Dorowin, Marsilio: Milano. F. Nietzsche (1967) Considerazioni inattuali, in Opere complete, vol. 4, a cura di G. Colli e M. Montinari, Adelphi: Milano. Bibliography: Cometa, M. (1998) Introduzione in: Frammenti critici e poetici di F. Schlegel; (2006) L'età di Goethe, Carocci: Roma. Zagari, L. (1976) Segni apocalittici e critica delle ideologie nel Woyzeck di Büchner. Zagari, L. (1976) Segni apocalittici e critica delle ideologie nel Woyzeck di Büchner. Zagari, L. (1985) Mitologia del segno vivente. Una lettura del romanticismo tedesco. For the module Letteratura tedesca I (12 CFU) students have to add: Texts: Novalis (1997) Enrico di Ofterdingen, Adelphi: Milano; (2009) I discepoli di Sais, Tranchida: Milano Musil, R., (1986) Romanzi brevi, novelle e aforismi, Einaudi: Torino (parti scelte indicate dal docente) Rilke, R. M. (2014) I quaderni di Malte Laurids Brigge, a cura di F. Jesi, Garzanti: Milano. Hofmannsthal, H. v., (2007) Lettera di Lord Chandos, Mimesis: Milano Kafka, F. (2014) Il castello, Einaudi: Torino Bibliography: G. Baloni, Franz Kafka. Romanzo e parabola (selected parts); Zenobi, L. (2010) in G. Sampaolo (a cura di) Kafka. Ibridismi, multilinguismo, trasposizioni, trasgressioni, Quodlibet: Macerata. D. Nelva (2011) Percorsi critici nei saggi di Robert Musil, Edizioni dell'Orso: Alessandria.
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: The students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures, by making questions and remarks about the literary texts and the themes of the course. Possibility of group presentations provide an opportunity for students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to practice their skills and deepen their analytical knowledge. Summative assessment: Oral exam. The exam will move from one of the texts of the program to assess the student's knowledge and understanding of the assigned readings, his/her critical sensibility: students must not only use their knowledge of the subject but must be able to analyze it and give their own interpretation as well. The presentation must be correct and valiant and part of the exam will be in German language.

Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA SPAGNOLA II" "SPANISH LANGUANGE AND LINGUISTICS II"

	SPAINISH LANGUAINGE AIND LINGUISTICS II		
DQ0061, Dependent Compulsory First Cycle Degree in UNGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION 2 nd year 1 ^s semester			
First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 2 nd year, 1 ^s semester Number of ECTS credits: 12 (workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)			
Tea	cher: María José FLORES REQ		
1	Course objectives	The module comprises a main unit of 72 lectures plus about 100 hours of lessons for practical training and exercise, given by mother tongue specialist teachers. The overall objective of the module is twofold: 1) Developing active Spanish language skills to level B2 in all linguistic abilities (reading, writing, speaking and listening); 2) Acquiring meta-linguistic knowledge about the Spanish language in the fields of phonology, morphology and syntax.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	The topics of the course are: The course will consist of an in-depth syntactic and semantic study of the Spanish language with the goal of consolidating and widening previously acquired linguistic competences. Special attention will be paid to the study of subordinate clauses, the various uses of the indicative and subjunctive tenses (contrastive analysis), impersonal verbal forms, hypothetical sentences and verbal periphrases. On successful completion of this module, the student should will o be able to understand the main ideas of a complex discourse on both concrete and abstract topics, including technical discussions in their field of specialisation. o be able to interact, with a degree of fluency and spontaneity, with native speakers. o be able to produce clear, detailed statements, both written and oral, on a wide range of subjects and explain a viewpoint on a topical issue giving the advantages and	
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	disadvantages of various options. Students wishing to attend the course should have a working knowledge of the Spanish language at the pre-intermediate level (Level B1 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages). Students must also have an adequate competence in their mother tongue, such as language awareness, meta-linguistic thinking, basic grammatical knowledge, etc.	
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion, training and exercise, team work, individual homework Language: Spanish and Italian Ref. text books: -M. Carrera Díaz, Grammatica spagnola, Bari, Laterza, 1997J.C. Barbero, F. Bermejo y F. San Vicente, Contrastiva. Grammatica della lingua spagnola, Clueb, Bologna, 2010C. Moreno, C. Hernández y C. Miki Kondo, En gramática (Avanzado B1), Anaya, Madrid 2007C. Moreno, C. Hernández y C. Miki Kondo, En gramática (Avanzado B2), Anaya, Madrid, 2007M. J. Flores Requejo, Estudio de los marcadores bueno, bien y vamos y de sus equivalencias en italiano. Los marcadores del discurso en el español peninsular y sus equivalencias en italiano 2, Editrice L'Una, L'Aquila, 2012. (only for the oral exam).	
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment:: The students are encouraged to actively participate in the lectures and the training classes, by asking questions and practicing the newly acquired language structures, both in written and oral mode. Regularly assigned homework and group presentations provide an opportunity for students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to practice their skills and deepen their analytical knowledge. During the classes, students will get the opportunity to test their level doing dictations, comprehension and production tasks of growing complexity. Summative assessment: Written and Oral exam. The written exam is a three hours test divided in three parts: 1) grammatical test, 2) listening comprehension, 3) a short writing. Only students who passed each single part (parts 1 to 3) are eligible to sit for the oral exam. The oral exam (in Spanish) contributes for 1/2 to the total mark. Whitin this ½ general knowledge of the program (M. J. Flores Requejo, Estudio de los marcadores bueno,	

	bien y vamos y de sus equivalencias en italiano. Los marcadores del discurso en el
	español peninsular y sus equivalencias en italiano 2) will account for 60%, and the
S	speaking skills, and particularly the level of language and terminology for the remaining 40%.

	Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA INGLESE II"		
	"ENGLISH LANGUANGE AND LINGUISTICS II"		
	DQ0108, Dependent Compulsory First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 2 nd year, 2 nd semester		
		f ECTS credits: 12 (workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)	
Tea	cher: Stefania BISCETTI		
1	Course objectives	The course aims to bring students to a knowledge of English at the B2 level of the Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR) for languages. It also aims to provide students with a good metalinguistic knowledge of English phonetics and phonology, and with a basic knowledge of English morphology and syntax.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	 The course consists of a lecturer's course (72 hours) and of practical language activities (about 100 hours). The topics of the course are: introduction to the fundamental concepts of English language and linguistics in the areas of phonetics and phonology, morphology and syntax. Introduction to the grammatical structures and vocabulary pertaining the intermediate and upper-intermediate levels of language competence, on which the student is trained during the activities with native English speaking teachers. During these activities the student is also trained in the four communicative abilities. On successful completion of this module, the student should have a good knowledge of the English sound system and pronunciation rules, have a basic knowledge of the main English word-formation processes and morphological rules, and a basic knowledge of marked and unmarked clause and sentence structures. be able to read words in phonetic transcription, to analyze words into their constituent morphemes, to analyze and describe the structure of phrases, clauses and sentences using the appropriate terminology. haveacquired English language competence in reading, writing, speaking and listening at the B2 level of the CEFR. demonstrate capacities to continue learning both in later courses and individual self training. 	
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	For this course the prerequisite is the course unit "English Language and Linguistics I" (B1 level in English)	
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, guided exercises, home work, presentation of a language topic Language: English; Italian (when needed) Ref. text books - Redston, Chris & Gillie Cunningham (2013) Face2face Upper-Intermediate. Cambridge: C.U.P Roach, Peter (2009) English Phonetics and Phonology. Cambridge: C.U.P Štekauer, Pavol & Rochelle Lieber (eds.) (2005) Handbook of Word-Formation. Dordrecht: Springer. Chapter by Rochelle Lieber "English word-formation processes" (pp. 375-427) Crystal, David (2004) Rediscover Grammar.Pearson Longman.	
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Written exam: (prerequisite for oral exam) consists of questions in multiple-choice, short answer and paragraph form on the topics covered in the course (i.e. on phonetics, phonology, morphology and syntax). Written answers must be expressed in English. The written exam also includes a language test largely based on exercises drawn from the Cambridge FCE exam model. Oral exam: consists in conversation, reading of words in phonetic transcription, description of visual material, reading and translation of a short paragraph into Italian	

Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA TEDESCA II" "GERMAN LANGUANGE AND LINGUISTICS II"

DQ0202, Dependent Compulsor

First Cycle Degree in *LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION*, 2nd year, 2nd semester

Firs	First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 2" year, 2" semester		
Too	Number of ECTS credits: 12(workload is 300 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)		
rea	Teacher: Stefania DE LUCIA		
1	Course objectives	The course comprises a main unit of 72 lectures supported by about 100 hours of lessons for practical training and exercise, given by mother tongue specialist teachers. The overall objective of the module is twofold: 1) active German language skills on CEFR level B1+ in productive abilities (speaking and writing) and on level B2 in receptive abilities (reading and listening); 2) good meta-linguistic and grammar knowledge about German language.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	The topics of the course are: According to the European Framework of Reference, B2 level shall put students in a condition that they will be able to "understand the main ideas of complex text on both concrete and abstract topics, including technical discussions in his/her field of specialization; interact with a degree of fluency and spontaneity that makes regular interaction with native speakers quite possible without strain for either party; produce clear, detailed text on a wide range of subjects and explain a viewpoint on a topical issue giving the advantages and disadvantages of various options". Linguistics topics is centered on basic notions German syntax: - structure and types of phrases; - verb valency; - syntax structure of main sentence (Hauptsatz) and secondary sentence (Nebensatz); - analysis of sentences through syntax field ("Felderanalyse"). Students acquire a good knowledge about the structure of Contemporary Standard German and important cultural aspects of interlinguistic communication. They apply this knowledge both in receptive and productive writing and speaking skills, appropriate for their intermediate level. They can analyze and evaluate syntax structures and describe them using the appropriate terminology. They can identify main language structures and compare them cross-linguistically between different languages they know. On successful completion of this module, the student should o have acquired knowledge and understanding of finite dimension vector spaces. have acquired knowledge and understanding of Hilbert spaces properties. Demonstrate skills in solving problems.	
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Students must have completed the previous course "German Language and Linguistics I" and have an adequate competence in general language skills in their mother tongue, such as language awareness, meta-linguistic thinking, basic grammatical knowledge, etc.	
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures are centered on B2 level grammar competences, in-class training and exercise, homework, narrative text reading and work with other linguistic input Language: German and Italian Ref. Text books: 1) Em neu. Hauptkurs. Deutsch als Fremdsprache, Niveaustufe B2, Hueber 2) C. Di Meola, La linguistica tedesca, Bulzoni, Roma, 2007, second edition (Chapters on syntax and semantic). 3) H. Dreyer, R. Schmitt, Grammatica tedesca con esercizi - Die neue Gelbe, Hueber, Ismaning, last edition. Further teaching material is handed out during the lessons and on the e-learning platform.	
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: The students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures and the training classes, by making questions and practicing the newly acquired language structures, both in written and oral mode. Regularly assigned homework and group presentations provide an opportunity for students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to practice their skills and deepen their analytical knowledge. During the classes, students will get the opportunity to test their level doing comprehension and production tasks appropriate to their level. Summative assessment: Written and Oral exam. The written exam is a three hours test divided in three parts:	

1) reading comprehension (multiple choice questions), 2) listening comprehension (multiple choice questions), and 3) text writing (e.g. express your opinion about a given topic). Only students who passed each single part (parts 1 to 3) are eligible to do the oral exam. The oral exam has two parts: 4) a short speaking task about known topics (e.g. some particular experience; studies and personal interests); and 5) a part on grammar and linguistics focusing on the student's capacity to describe, analyse and compare language structures, using the appropriate terminology. This part (5) can be presented in Italian or English, if requested.
The theoretical part of the exam (5) contributes for 1/3 to the total mark, whereas the four language using tasks (parts 1 to 4) contribute for 2/3 to the total mark.

	Programme of "INTRODUZIONE ALLA STORIA CONTEMPORANEA"		
	"INTRODUCTION TO CONTEMPORARY HISTORY"		
	DQ0118, Compulsory		
1"(1 st Cycle Degree in <i>LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION</i> , 2 nd year, 1 nd semester		
Tor	number o acher: Giovanna MILLEVOLTE	of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)	
1	Course objectives	The aim of the course is to supply the student with a social-political and economic background of the nineteenth-twentieth history focusing on the processes which led to the establishment of the modern nations and of nationalism feelings. The aim of the course is to give the student a useful tool for a wide consideration of our historic present, to contextualize some of both Italian and world crux matters as best as possible	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	 The topics of the course are: European and especially Italian political, social and economic context (First World War, the Russian Revolution, fascism, the cultural ferment of the interwar years, the Second World War and the Holocaust, European empires and decolonization, Cold War culture and politics, and European unification). Transformations of the twentieth century in many different spheres of human existence, constantly taking into account the world frame of reference through which such themes will be examined, Introduction to some of the varieties of history and the diverse ways historians approach the past. This unit will combine general information with large interpretative frames developing a close examination of some of the most innovative paths in the contemporary historical research. On successful completion of the course, the students should:	

3	Prerequisites and learning	The student must be familiar with basic calculus and possess a good knowledge of classical
	activities	physics: mechanics, thermodynamics and electromagnetism.
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion, individual homework, film documentaries. Language: Italian Ref. Text books: - G.Montroni. Scenari del mondo contemporaneo dal 1815 a oggi, Bari, Laterza, 2012. Two selected texts among the following: - M. Vázquez Montalbán, La mosca della rivoluzione, Milano, Feltrinelli, 2008 M. Brenner, Breve storia del sionismo, Bologna, Il Mulino, 2005, F. Geminario, Fascismo e Antisemitismo. Progetto razziale e ideologia totalitaria, Bari, Laterza, 2011.
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to participate in the lectures, by asking questions and discussing the topics presented. Discussions provide an opportunity for students to develop their critical analysis and interpretation. Summative assessment: Oral exam. The oral exam is based on the discussion of specialist literature related to the subject topics and of the texts read and commented in class, and consists in 3 questions aiming to verify the achieved level of knowledge and understanding of the principal historical questions of the contemporary age (30%), the ability to analyze and apply knowledge and understanding to conduct comparative analysis between historical models, and identify instances of continuity or schism and to design a path of research (30%), the capacity to communicate knowledge and understanding through the acquisition of a specific lexicon of historical terminology with an awareness of historiographic development (30%) and the capacity to critically analyze and historically evaluate societies and institutions (10%).

	Programme of "SISTEMI DI ELABORAZIONE DELLE INFORMAZIONI" "DATA PROCESSING SYSTEMS" "Foundations of Computer Science" DQ0163, Optional among a set of selected courses		
Firs		AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1 st or 2 nd year, 1 st semester of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit= 25 hours)	
Tea	cher: Giovanni DE GASPERIS	of EC15 credits: 8 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit= 25 hours)	
1	Course objectives	The course will introduce students to the foundations of computer science, computer architectures and information representation	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Topics of the module include: Definitions of information and data. Representation of information: numerical codes (binary, exadecimal). Information processing: logic operators, logic gates, logic circuits. Combinatorial boolean function calculator. Digital memory. Sequential boolean function calculator. Programmed computer architecture. Central Processing Unit, central and secondary digital memory, input/output peripherals. Machine language concept. High level programming language concept. Software life cycle. Computer abstraction levels. Operative System basic functions. Markup languages. eBook production cycle. Upon successful completion of the course, students should o be provided with such analytical tools as are necessary to produce informed readings and interpretations of computer science related texts, o understandthe behind-the-curtain reality of a computer system in order to be increase their awareness as proficient computer users. o understand a computer architecture o code anddecode information in computer codes o edit an hypertext in a markup language o produce an eBook	
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Prerequisites: ECDL Start certification Hands-on learning with computer sessions, online material	

		Lectures, class discussion, online learning tools
4	Teaching methods and language	Language: Italian
7		Ref. Text books:
		M. Lazzari, A. Bianchi, M. Cadei, C. Chesi, S. Maffei, "Informatica umanistica", McGraw-Hill
		F. Tomasi, D. Buzzetti, "Metodologie informatiche e discipline umanistiche", Carocci Ed.
		Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to actively participate in the lectures in
	Assessment methods and criteria	class and discussions online; continuous assessment through online testing
		Summative assessment: practical and oral exam.
5		The practical test exercises (2 hours) aim to asses the level of knowledge of the basic tools
3		and methods (50% of the total mark). The oral exam starts from the discussion and analysis of
		the produced electronic documents, and consists of the answer to 3 questions aiming to
		evaluate the achieved level of knowledge and understanding of the foundations of computer
		science, the available software and tools for coding and uncoding information (20%), the
		capacity to edit a hypertext (20%) and the ability to produce an e-book (10%).

	Programme of "GEOGRAFIA DELL'AFRICA"			
	"GEOGRAPHY OF AFRICA"			
DQ	0067, Optional among a set of	f selected courses		
Firs		AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 1 st or 2 nd year, 2 nd semester		
T		of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit= 25 hours)		
Tea	cher: Luigi GAFFURI	The second has a second by the second of the		
1	Course objectives	The course has monographic character, it is based on the actuality and introduces a case of study on the Gizey, a population that lives between the northeast of Cameroon and the southwest of Chad. Focusing on the territory, the course shows the existence of an invisible geography of sacred places gizey.		
		Topics of this Module include:		
		The anthropic characters of the territory are connected with the natural environment and with the history of the population gizey. The description of sacred places reveals that culture and society are inseparable from the territory Gizey and their practices relating to it.		
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	After completing this course unit, STUDENTS SHOULD BE ABLE TO: understand the relationships between the human society and the savanna environment in the gizey geographical area; recognize the principal phases concerning the genesis and the evolution of the population between Logone River and Lake Fianga;		
		 apply to a case study, focused on a small community of 15,000 people located between Cameroon and Chad, the historical and geographical methodology illustrated during the course; acquire methods and theoretical tools to understand the complex symbolisms of gizey society; analyze the invisible sacred geography of the Gizey by the interpretation of place- 		
		names.		
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	The students must have basic knowledge of Human geography.		
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures; class discussions; personal assistance to students. Language: Italian Ref. Text books: -Luigi Gaffuri, Antonino Melis, Valerio Petrarca, <i>Dinanismi dell'identità. Lingua, culture e territorio dei Gizey tra Camerun e Ciad</i> , Napoli, Liguori, in stampa Andrea Pase, <i>Linee sulla terra. Confini politici e limiti fondiari in Africa subsahariana</i> , Roma Carocci, 2011.		
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to participate to the lectures, by making questions and discussing the topics, the data, the images and the cartographies presented in class. Discussions provide an opportunity for students to develop their critical analysis and interpretation. Summative assessment: Oral exam. The oral exam consists in questions aiming to evaluate the level of knowledge achieved		

	(40%), the logical and argumentative capacities (30%), the appropriate terminology (15%), the
	critical attitude (15%).

	Programme of "LETTERATURA FRANCESE I/A"			
	"FRENCH LITERATURE I/A"			
	DQ0122, Optional among a set of selected courses			
Firs		AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 2 nd year, 1 st semester		
TΔ2	cher:Giovanna PARISSE	of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours)		
100	CHELOIOVAIIIIA I ANISSE	The course introduces the students to French Literature, as a process and production of		
1	Course objectives	literary works. A reflection on the origins and the dynamics of French literature is accompanied by an introduction and a critical reading of texts and documents from the 20 th century to our days, with a special focus on the "Other" and the "Elsewhere" and to the influence of migration on contemporary French literature.		
		Topics of this Module include the study of some selected texts in original language.		
		On successful completion of the course, students will: o Acquire knowledge and understanding of French Literature and the issues raised by the course;		
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	 Read and understand literary texts in the original language; Place the literary works in their historical and sociocultural context. know and discuss the origins of literature; 		
	accomptoncy	 understand and explain the literary works analyzed in class; recognize the sociocultural aspects involved in literary works; observe the interrelations among literary works and the historical sources, and recognize 		
		the specificity of the literary text; o understand the critical issues raised by the literary works.		
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Students must have a knowledge of French Language at Level B1		
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures with introduction, reading, commentary and discussion of the literary works. Language: Italian and French Ref. Text books: -J. Cl. Berton, <i>Histoire de la littérature et des idées en France au XXe siècle</i> , Paris, Hatier/Profil (1992); -Albert Camus, <i>L'étranger</i> , Paris, Gallimard/Folio;		
	and language	-Albert Memmi, <i>La Statue de sel</i> , Paris, Gallimard/Folio o: Albert Memmi, <i>Il bevitore e l'innamorato</i> , Roma, Edizioni Lavoro, 2006; -Jean-Claude Izzo, <i>Chourmo</i> , Paris, Gallimard; -Gisèle Pineau, <i>L'exil selon Julia</i> , Paris, Le livre de poche.		
		Formative assessment: Students are encouraged to actively participate in lectures, asking questions and contributing to classroom discussion. Summative assessment: Oral exam. Students are required to expose a relevant topic of the program and to be able to read		
5	Assessment methods and criteria	French literary texts, paraphrasing them and giving interpretations, and to comment upon them in a historical perspective, explaining their role in the development of French literature. Students have to demonstrate a substantive knowledge of French literary language and to explain the position of major writers and texts of French literature. Students will be evaluated on the basis of their answers to the questions by the professor, and their ability in discussing the main themes and the main authors of French literature.		

Programme of "FILOLOGIA ROMANZA" "ROMANCE PHILOLOGY"

"The Romance Philology as a problematic discipline. The Latin, the vernacular languages, the Church"

DQ0020, Dependent Compulsory

First Cycle Degree in *LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION*, 3rd year, 1st semester

Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours)

ТДЭ	Teacher: Lucilla SPETIA			
160	onor, Lucina SFL HA	The course introduces students to Romance philology as a problematic discipline that faces		
1	Course objectives	 and puts itself different issues (the transition from Latin to the Romance languages; the establishment of the vernacular literatures; the methods of composition and reception of linguistic documents and literary monuments; the development of the comparative method in linguistics and philological method of textual restoration) and recognition of its centrality for the examination not only of cultural productions, but also of important historical phenomena. The objectives of the module are: 1) Awareness of the historical, linguistic, cultural connections between the present and the past. 2) Awareness of the historical, linguistic and cultural connections between the ancient and medieval Latin and the Romance literatures. 3) Basic linguistic knowledge about Latin and Romance languages in the fields of phonology, morphology, syntax and lexicon. 4) Reflection on the role played by the Church in the recognition and enhancement or rather disregard of vernacular languages for the production of literary and / or religious texts. The course will not have notional character, but problematic and methodological. 		
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	The course aims to provide elements for reflections on the birth of the nineteenth-century discipline; on the crucial problem of Romance linguistic, i.e. the linguistic and cultural process that sees the formation of the Romance languages as the historical and cultural development of the unity of the Latin world; on the role played by Christianity and the Church in their constitution and in the recognition or denial of them rather as a medium to convey ideological content also controversial; finally on the constitution of the comparative method in linguistics and the philological methodology of textual analysis. Linguistic topics of the module include: Phonemes, graphemes and phonological vs orthographic rules Morphemes Syntax Lexicon Aspect of history of linguistics Relations of language, culture, politics and society Variation in the language and multillingualism Historical topics of the module include: To use primary and secondary sources of popular Latin To know the oldest documents of the Romance languages Philological topics of the module include: To know the principles of Philology On successful completion of this module, the students should: Have a profound knowledge of the periods and of the problems of the Middle Ages, identifying the relationship between the present and the past and vice versa Be able to understand and explain linguistic problems and to use data in the construction of linguistic argumentation Be able to understand and the evaluate the importance of political, linguistic and cultural process connected to the passage from Roman ages to medieval ages Analyze the principal phenomena that distinguish Latin and Romance languages Analyze the principal phenomena that distinguish Latin and Romance languages Examine and compare the different issues in Romance languages Know the history of philology Know how to read a critical apparatus Be able to understand textual problems Demonstrate ability to read and analyze critical essays and arguments and express a critical judg		
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	The students must have: -full mastery of written and oral expression in mother tongue - an adequate competence in general language skills in his/her mother tongue - language awareness, meta-linguistic thinking, basic grammatical knowledge		

		- awareness of the relationship and differences between literary texts and historical source.
		Lectures, in-class training and exercises, homework, texts' reading and work in small groups
		for assigned tasks.
		Language: Italian
		Ref. Text books:
		-Charmaine Lee, <i>Linguistica Romanza</i> , Roma, Carocci, 2000 (and reprints)
		-Guy Serbat, <i>Le strutture del latino</i> , translation by L. Ceccarelli, L'Aquila, ed. Berardino
4	Teaching methods	Marinacci, 1997
	and language	-Maria Luisa Meneghetti, <i>Le origini</i> , Bari, Laterza, 2007
		- Gigliola Fragnito, Proibito capire. La Chiesa e il volgare nella prima età moderna,
		Bologna, Il Mulino, 2005
		Alberto Varvaro, <i>Adulteri, delitti e filologia. Il caso della baronessa di Carini</i> , Bologna, Il
		Mulino, 2010
		✓ Materials provided by teacher: articles, maps, etc.
		✓ Non-attending students are required to contact the teacher for an individual program
		Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures, by
	Assessment methods and	making questions and discussing the in class the interpretation of linguistic examples.
		Seminars, assigned homework and exercises presented and commented in class provide a
		continuous assessment of learning process represent. an opportunity for students to work with
		the tutor to develop their critical analysis and interpretation of particular documents or texts.
		Summative assessment:. Oral exam
5		The oral exam starts from the illustration and discussion of one of issues examined in class
	criteria	or in the text books, and consists of the answer of at least 3 questions aiming to evaluate the
		achieved level of knowledge and understanding of the phonetic, morphologic, syntactic and
		lexical changes, that distinguish Latin and Romance languages (30%); the capacity to
		understand the reasons of the different kinds of linguistic variations and put them into
		relationship with the history and society of the time of their evolution (30%); the ability to
		explain and critical apply the learned technique and tools to the interpretation of some
		documents or texts (30%); and the degree of independence to formulate judgments and
		comments on examples not discussed during the course (10%).

	Programme of "FILOLOGIA GERMANICA" "GERMANIC PHILOLOGY"		
	0133, Dependent Compulsor st Cycle Degree in <i>LINGUISTIC</i>	y AND CULTURAL MEDIATION,3 rd year, 1 st semester	
_		of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours)	
Tea	ncher: Chiara STAITI	T=	
1	Course objectives	The course will introduce students to language, culture and literature of the Germanic ethnic groups in the early Middle Ages, especially focusing on their common Germanic origins and on diachronic aspects. Special attention will be given to the relationship between orality and literacy.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Classes will deal with the analysis of texts belonging to the different linguistic areas (Gothic, Old English, Old High German, Old Saxon, Old Norse), part in the original language, part in Italian translation. Topics of the Module include: - the cultural peculiarities of the Germanic peoples - the ways of knowledge transmission - analysis of the literary genres of the Germanic literature of the Middle Ages (heroic poetry, religious poetry and prosa, etc.). - analysis of the main phonetic and morpho-syntactical characteristics of the old Germanic languages . On successful completion of this module, the student should: o be aware of the beginnings of written production of the Germanic tribes o know and recognise the principal features of the Germanic languages o be able to read and understand short texts in the original language, identify their linguistic and cultural background and give a linguistic and philological commentary o be able to make a translation and a philological-linguistic analysis of some passages taken from some old Germanic languages.	

3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Prerequisite B1 in English and/or in German. As far as possible, students are asked to actively express themselves in the classroom
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion. Language: Italian Ref. Text books: -M. V. Molinari, La filologia germanica, Bologna, Zanichelli, 1987; -Leonardi, Simona e Morlicchio, Elda (2009) La filologia germanica e le lingue moderne, il Mulino: Bologna, Il Mulino, 2009; -P. Ramat, Le lingue germaniche, in Le lingue indoeuropee, ed. di A. Giacalone Ramat – P. Ramat, Bologna: il Mulino, 1994, pp. 409-440; -D.H. Green, Lingua e storia nell'antico mondo germanico, Milano: I.S.U. Università Cattolica – Milano, 2006, pp. 37-56 e 79-159.
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Summative assessment: Oral exam, with open questions (from 3 to 6); reading and commenting short texts in the course's language with the goal of evaluating both the acquisition of notions and the capacity of establishing relations among them. A premium will be placed on the correct use of the language.

	Programme of "LETTERATURA SPAGNOLA IIA" "SPANISH LITERATURE IIA" DQ00017, Dependent Compulsory First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION 3 nd year, 2 st semester		
Tor	Number of ECTS credition in the control of the cont	its: 6 (workload is 150 hours; 36 of which in the classroom 1 credit = 25 hours)	
1	Course objectives	The course aims to provide the tools for the analysis of Renaissance and Baroque texts of Spanish literature. It consists of two parties. The first one presents an overview of major literary trends and cultural productions from the end of the Middle Ages to the XVII th century. Special attention will be given to the Rainassance poetry (Italian, ascetic, mystical and epic poetry), novel and to the Spanish Theatre of the XVII th century; The second part is a monographic part and it consists in the analysis of the Miguel de Cervantes' <i>El ingenioso hidalgo Don Quijote de la Mancha</i> .	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	The course content can be summarized as follows: This course will focus on the study of the significant historical periods and cultural movements of the Hispanic world. It is organized according to chronological eras that are marked by distinct cultural and literary movements. Areas covered will be the culture of the Renaissance and the Baroque. This course will also focus on the study of Hispanic literatures and cultures and is organized around one or more basic genres like poetry, drama, novel, and essay. Other articulating categories for the course may include epic poetry, tragic drama, the picaresque novel, etc. On successful completion of the course content, for the institutional part, students will need to acquire knowledge and skills about: Renaissance poetry (Italian, ascetic and mystical poetry); the most significant work of Renaissance and Baroque; the figures like Garcilaso de la Vega, San Juan de la Cruz, Fray Luis de León, Luis de Góngora, Francisco de Quevedo, Cervantes e Lope de Vega XVII th century Spanish Theatre with figures like Lope de Vega, Tirso de Molina and Calderón de la Barca. On successful completion of the course content, students will: be aware of Spanish literary history of 16th and 17th centuries read and understand the primary texts in the original language be provided with such analytical tools as are necessary to produce informed interpretations and readings of the primary texts be provided with the appropriate critical vocabulary to understand the specificity of the genre or sub-genre examined in the course be provided with fundamental notions of rhetoric and poetics be able to identify ethical issues in literary texts be able to identify ethical issues in literary texts be able to understand the interrelationships and differences between works of literature	

	,	
		and historical sources be able to identify and tackle at least some of the critical issues raised by literary texts
		o demonstrate capacity for reading , understanding and in terpreting other texts on related
		topics
		be able to criticize and compare different texts of the same period be able to criticize and compare different texts of the same period be able to criticize and compare different texts of the same period be able to criticize and compare different texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the same period compared to the criticize and compared texts of the criti
		be able to understand issues of canonicity and problems associated with the
		construction of literary canons.
3	Prerequisites and	Student can use of Italian translations for reading difficult texts. knowledge of Spanish History and Metric will be required for the mentioned period as a
	learning activities	course prerequisite.
		Lectures, class discussion
		Language: Italian and Spanish
		Ref. textbooks are:
		a) Institutional part:
		- R.O. Jones, <i>Siglo de Oro: prosa y poesía</i> , Barcelona, Editorial Ariel, S.A.
		- Carlos Alvar et al. (2000) Storia della letteratura spagnola, il Medioevo e l'Età dell'Oro
		(pp. 191-368), vol. I, Einaudi.
		Two works chosen among the followings:
		Fernando de Rojas, La Celestina
		✓ Juan Boscán, <i>Obra completa</i>
		✓ Garcilaso de la Vega, Obra poética y textos en prosa
4	Teaching methods	✓ Alonso de Ercilla, <i>La Araucana</i>
	and language	✓ Luis de Góngora, Le solitudini e altre poesie
		✓ Luis de Góngora, <i>Fábula de Polifemo y Galatea</i>
		✓ Francisco de Quevedo, Sonetti amorosi e morali
		✓ Lazarillo de Tormes
		✓ Lope de Vega, Fuente Ovejuna
		✓ Lope de Vega, El caballero de Olmedo
		✓ Calderón de la Barca, <i>La vida es sueño</i>
		✓ Calderón de la Barca, <i>El alcalde de Zalamea</i>
		 ✓ Miguel de Cervantes, Novelas ejemplares ✓ Miguel de Cervantes, Trabajos de Persiles y Sigismunda
		b) Monographic part:
		✓ Miguel de Cervantes, <i>El ingenioso hidalgo Don Quijote de la Mancha</i>
		Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures, by
		making questions and discussing the texts presented in class. This is an opportunity for
		students to work with their tutors to develop their critical analysis and interpretation of
		particular texts.
		Summative assessment: Oral exam.
		The oral exam starts from the discussion and analysis of one text read during the course and
=	Assessment methods	commented in class, and consists of the answer to some questions aiming to evaluate the
5		achieved level of knowledge and understanding of the relevant authors of Spanish literature
	and criteria	from 16 th to 17 th century considered in the course and the capacity to define and illustrate the
		formal and thematic characteristics of writing from across the period (30%), the capacity to
		compare literature from across the period, describing and accounting for continuities and
		differences, particularly the interrelations among literary works and the historical sources, and
		recognize the specificity of the literary text (30%), the ability to explain and critically apply the
		learned techniques and tools to the interpretation of the work of one Author (30%), the
		capacity to work independently and at higher level of difficulty (10%).

Programme of "LETTERATURA TEDESCA II/A" "GERMAN LITERATURE II/A" "German Romanticism"

DQ0200, Dependent Compulsory

First Cycle Degree in *LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION*, 3rd year, 2st semester

Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours)

Teacher: Stefania DE LUCIA

1	Course objectives	The course will introduce students to German Romanticism combining aesthetic reflections, social and historical remarks and textual analysis. The lessons will focus on the crucial notions of "fancy/ fantasy" and "dream" as key concepts of Romantic aesthetics, leading to the privileged relationship between men and the dimension of the infinite. Particular attention will be given to the way German Literature of that age interacts with philology, folklore and anthropology thus contributing to the invention of the notion of German nation.
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	 On successful completion of the course content, students will: be aware of the literary history of Germany 18th-19th century be provided with such analytical tools as are necessary to produce informed interpretations and readings of the primary texts. Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Identify ethical issues in literary texts understand the interrelationships and differences between works of literature and historical sources identify and tackle at least some of the critical issues raised by literary texts understand the meaning of fragmentary writing, its relevance in the western culture and as a literary genre understand issues of genres and problems associated with the classification of literary productions.
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Students must have successfully completed the previous course "Letteratura tedesca I" (German Literature I). They will be asked to take active part to lessons to improve their skills in critical analysis and they will also be asked to read in advance the texts under examination.
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion about literary texts, music, images Language: Italian and German Ref. Text books: Texts: Achim von Arnim, Clemens Brentano, Il corno magico del fanciullo Ludwig Tieck, Il biondo Eckberto Novalis, Inni alla notte Novalis, Inni alla notte Adelbert v. Chamisso, Storia straordinaria di Peter Schlemihl E.T.A. Hoffmann, L'uomo della sabbia Jacob e Wilhelm Grimm, Fiabe Selection of Iyrics by Achim v. Arnim, Clemens Brentano, Heinrich Heine, Joseph von Eichendorff, Caroline von Günderrode, Friedrich Rückert Fragments from «Athenäum» Bibliography: Michele Cometa, L'età classico-romantica, Laterza, Roma-Bari 2009 Paolo D'Angelo, L'estetica del Romanticismo, Il Mulino, Bologna 1997 (selezione in dispensa) Benedict Anderson, Comunità immaginate, Origine e diffusione dei nazionalismi, Manifesto Libri (selezione in dispensa) Francesco Fiorentino e Giovanni Sampaolo, Atlante della letteratura tedesca, Quodlibet, Macerata 2009 [per le voci Heimat (Matteo Galli), Il Reno (Giovanna Cermelli), Berlino nel Sette-Ottocento (Stefan Nienhaus), Jena (Ingrid Hanneman Barale), Heidelberg (Giampiero Moretti)
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: The students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures, by making questions and remarks about the literary texts and the themes of the course. Group presentations could provide an opportunity for students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to practice their skills and deepen their analytical knowledge. Summative assessment: Oral exam. The exam will move from one of the texts of the program to assess the student's knowledge and understanding of the assigned readings, his/her critical sensibility: students must not only use their knowledge of the subject but must be able to analyze it and give their own interpretation as well. The presentation must be correct and valiant. Part of the exam will be in German language.

Programme of "LETTERATURA INGLESE II/A" "ENGLISH LITERATURE II/A"

"Out of This World: Discovering British Science Fiction"

DQ0059,	Dependent	Compulsory
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First Cycle Degree in *LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION*, 3rd year, 2st semester

	Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours)				
Tea	Teacher: Valentina POLCINI				
1	Course objectives	The course aims at building knowledge on British science fiction in its historical and cultural evolution, as well as on the critical discourses around this genre. Students will be provided with the methodological tools to interpret literary works and critical essays in English, thereby encouraging the development of their competences in text analysis and the approach to literary criticism.			
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Students will focus on some of the most representative novels and short stories of British science fiction written by authors such as H.G. Wells, Arthur C. Clarke, John Wyndham, J.G. Ballard and Gwyneth Jones. Through the analysis of the primary and secondary texts students will explore the history, themes, forms and narrative strategies typical of science fiction; they will also become familiar with the critical debates around the genre, particularly the relationship between popular fiction and the literary canon. Moreover, the course will show how science fictional speculation about the future, technology and other worlds is a way of encouraging reflection on humankind, on our relationship with the Other and on past and present social and political issues such as imperialism, the possibilities and limits of scientific progress, environmental changes, man-machine interaction, and gender. On successful completion of the course, students will be required to:			
		 be familiar with the main aspects of British science fiction in its historical evolution read and understand primary and secondary texts in the original language analyze and interpret literary texts elaborate on the theoretical and formal specificities of science fiction as a popular genre in its relationship with mainstream literature contextualize each work included in the syllabus within the appropriate social and cultural framework show a wider understanding of how fantasy fiction proves an effective way of reflecting on social and political issues of a given historical time. 			
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Successful completion of the "English Literature I" course; general knowledge of English literary history; B2 English level; A2 Italian level. Students will be asked to read in advance the texts under examination, analyze course materials in class, take part in classroom discussion and in the Edmodo virtual class.			
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures with multimedia materials; in-class text analysis and discussion; activities on the Edmodo virtual class. Language: English and Italian Ref. text books: Primary texts - Ballard, J. G., The Drowned World (1962), Introduction by Martin Amis, London, Fourth Estate, 2014. - Clarke, Arthur C., "The Nine Billion Names of God" (1953). - Clarke, Arthur C., "The Sentinel" (1948). - Godwin, Tom, "The Cold Equations" (1954). - Jones, Gwyneth, "La cenerentola" (1998). - Shaw, Bob, "Light of Other Days" (1966). - Wells, H. G., The War of the Worlds (1897), Introduction by Adam Roberts, London, Gollancz, 2013. - Wyndham, John, The Day of the Triffids (1951), London, Penguin, 2014. Secondary texts - Gasiorek, Andrzej, J. G. Ballard, Manchester, Manchester University Press, 2005 (Introduction and Chapter 1). - Gochenour, Phil, "Different Conditions Set Different Standards?: John Wyndham's The Day of the Triffids", New York Review of Science Fiction, June 2011. - Higgins, David, "New Wave Science Fiction", in A Virtual Introduction to Science Fiction, ed.			

		 by Lars Schmeink, 2013, URL http://virtual-sf.com/?page_id=321. Rieder, John, "What Is SF? Some Thoughts on Genre", in A Virtual Introduction to Science Fiction, ed. by Lars Schmeink, 2012, URL http://virtual-sf.com/?page_id=137. Roberts, Adam, "The History of SF", in Science Fiction, London, Routledge, 2006, pp. 37-65. Seed, David, ed., A Companion to Science Fiction, Malden, MA: Blackwell, 2005 (Chapters 1-4-8-12-23-25-29-30). Suvin, Darko, Metamorphoses of Science Fiction: On the Poetics and History of a Literary Genre, New Haven and London, Yale University Press, 1979 (Chapters 1 and 4).
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Summative assessment: The exam will be oral. Students will be assessed for their: - knowledge of course topics (literary history, genre's specificities, authors and works, historical and social contexts, theoretical and critical discourses) - text analysis skills - use of literature and criticism terminology - oral presentation competences

Programme of "LETTERATURE ANGLOAMERICANE" "AMERICAN LITERATURE" "Introduction to the Indian Novel: the Early Republic" DQ0096, ELECTIVE within a set of selected courses First cycle degree in Linguistic and Cultural Mediation, L12, 2nd year, 1st semester Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours) Teacher: Anna SCANNAVINI The course will introduce students to the US literature as production and product. It will be Course objectives centered on NYC and on its representations in the 20th century. Topics of the Module: Working on the "Indian novels" published in the US at the time of the Early Republic (1789 to 1830) the course will investigate the paradigms that govern narrations of cultural and linguistic contact between Europeans and Indian populations of the Northeast. Attention will be given to trans-national and trans-cultural communication and to cross-cultural passages. Special attention will be given also to issues of authorial positioning in the context of race and trans-cultural contact. Required readings: Primary sources: - Lydia Maria Child, Hobomok (1824) - Catharine Maria Sedgwick, Hope Leslie (1827) - James Fenimore Cooper, The Last of the Mohicans (1826) Any edition is fine, provided it is integral. Secondary sources: - Lora Romero (1997), Home Fronts, Duke UP, Durham and London (chs. 1, 2) 2 Course content and Learning - Eric Sundquist, "The Frontier and American Indians", in The Cambridge History of outcomes (Dublin descriptors) American Literature, Vol. Two pp. 175-238 - Daniel Peck (1992), New Essays on the Last of the Mohicans, CUP, Cambridge. Other sources and readings will be presented in class. Texts must be studied in English. The secondary sources are inherently part of the syullabus and must be studied. Upon successful completion of the course, students should be provided with such analytical tools as are necessary to produce informed readings and interpretations of the intercultural "encounter" as represented in the Early Republic, and most particularly in the "Indian novels" They will be able to read and interpret the primary texts in the original language, and will have a good understanding of Early America contact between European and Indian agents. They should be able to: **Identify** ethical issues in the assigned primary sources (literary texts) understand the interrelationships and differences between works of literature and historical sources

		o identify and tackle at least some of the critical issues raised by literary texts
		be aware that authoriality and canons are historically determined
		o understand the cultural issues connected to contact (contact zones).
		Prerequisites: B1 level in English (intermediate); full mastery of written and oral expression in
		mother tongue. The ability to differentiate between primary and secondary sources will be
3	Prerequisites and learning	also required as a course prerequisite.
	activities	
		Students will be asked to actively express themselves in the classroom, reading in advance
		the texts under examination.
		Lectures, class discussion
4	Teaching methods	Language: Italian and/or English
	and language	Ref. Text books :
		Richard Sennett, <i>The Conscience of the Eye</i> , Norton, New York 1990.
		Formative assessment: the students are encouraged to actively participate to the class, by
	Assessment methods and criteria	making questions and discussing the presented text. Assigned homework and presentations
		will provide an opportunity for students to work with the teacher and their collegues
		developing their ability to produce critical analysis and interpretation of particular texts.
		Summative assessment: Oral examination.
5		The oral examination will start from the analysis of one of the texts that integrate the course
		syllabus. It will consists of questions aimed at evaluating the achieved level of knowledge and
	Cittoria	understanding of the authors considered in the course (30%); the ability to identify and
		discuss the major ethical and critical issues raised by the texts (30%); c. the ability to compare
		the texts, describing and accounting for continuities and differences (30%); the ability to
		explain and critically apply the learned techniques to the explanation of problems associated
		with the construction of inter-cultural encounters (10%).

	Programme of "LINGUA E TRADUZIONE SPAGNOLA I" "SPANISH LANGUAGE AND TRANSLATION I" DQ0198, Dependent Compulsory First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 3 rd year, 1 st semester		
	Number	of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours)	
Tea	cher: Ester Lidia CICCHETTI		
1	Course objectives	The course introduces students to the problems of Spanish-Italian translation, both as practice, product and profession. On completion of this course, students should be able to translate narrative or descriptive prose into good standard Italian, carrying on what contrastive analysis is necessary. In addition, they should be able to position themselves as translators.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Topics of the Module include: - hands-on experience with analyzing and translating Spanish texts - identification and discussion of available translation strategies - introduction to the use of typographical devices - statement of copyright and copyright limitations - introduction to translation theories. Reference will be made to translation of varieties and to special translations (e.g. dubbing, subtitles). On successful completion of this module, the student should o be able to render standard Spanish into correct fluid Italian o understand the level of complexity of a required translation o understand and explain their translation choices o be able to read and discuss the basics of translation theory	
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	B2 level in Spanish (upper intermediate); full mastery of written and oral Italian	
4	Teaching methods and language	 Lectures, class discussion, team work, individual homework Language: Italian and Spanish Ref. Text books: Osimo, Bruno, Manuale del traduttore. Guida pratica con glossario, Firenze, Hoepli, 2011. Carrera Díaz, Manuel, Grammatica spagnola, Roma-Bari, Laterza, 2006. Tam, Laura, Grande dizionario di spagnolo: spagnolo-italiano, italiano-spagnolo, Milano, Hoepli, 2004. 	

		Formative assessment:
		The students are encouraged to actively participate to the class, by reading, discussing and
_		translating a set of texts. Regularly assigned homework and presentations provide an
5	Assessment methods and	opportunity for students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to deepen their
	criteria	analytic competence and develop their ability to produce interpretation and translation.
		Summative assessment:
		Written exam. He exam will consist of and individual written work of translation of a short text
		from Spanish into Italian (a newspaper article or a short literary text).

	Programme of "LINGUA E TRADUZIONE INGLESE I"		
	"ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND TRANSLATION I"		
	DQ0098, Dependent Compulsory First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 3 rd year, 1 st semester		
	Number	of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours)	
Tea	cher: Giuseppe SOFO	,	
1	Course objectives	The course introduces students to the problems of English-Italian translation, both as practice, product and profession. On completion of this course, students should be able to translate narrative or descriptive prose into good standard Italian, carrying on what contrastive analysis is necessary. In addition, they should be able to position themselves as translators.	
		Topics of the Module include:	
1		- hands-on experience with analyzing and translating English texts	
		- identification and discussion of available translation strategies	
1		introduction to the use of typographical devicesstatement of copyright and copyright limitations	
		- introduction to translation theories.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Reference will be made to translation of varieties and to special translations (e.g. dubbing, subtitles).	
		On successful completion of this module, the student should	
		o be able to render standard English into correct fluid Italian	
		o understand the level of complexity of a required translation	
		o understand and explain their translation choices	
2	Droroguioitoo and laarning	o be able to read and discuss the basics of translation theory	
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	B2 level in English (upper intermediate); full mastery of written and oral Italian	
		Lectures, class discussion, team work, individual homework	
		Language: Italian and English	
		Ref. Text books :	
		1) Jakobson R. (1959), "On Linguistic Aspects of Translation" in L. Venuti, <i>The Translation</i>	
		Studies Reader, Routledge, London-New York, 2000, pp. 113-118. 2) 2) Holmes, J. S. (1972), "The Name and Nature of Translation Studies" in L. Venuti, <i>The</i>	
4	Teaching methods	Translation Studies Reader, Routledge, London-New York, 2000, pp. 172-185. 2)	
7	and language	3) Spivak G. C., "The Politics of Translation" in L. Venuti, <i>The Translation Studies Reader</i> ,	
	and language	Routledge, London-New York, 2000, pp. 397-416. 2)	
		4) Bassnett S., Trivedi H. (1999), "Of Colonies, Cannibals and Vernaculars" in S. Bassnett, H. Trivedi (ed.), <i>Post-Colonial Translation: Theory and Practice,</i> Routledge, London-New York, pp. 1-19.	
		Giuliano Rossi, Giuseppe Sofo (a cura di), <i>Sulla Traduzione: Itinerari tra lingue, letterature e culture,</i> Solfanelli, Chieti, 2015.	
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: The students are encouraged to actively participate to the class, by reading, discussing and translating a set of texts. Regularly assigned homework and presentations provide an opportunity for students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to deepen their analytic competence and develop their ability to produce interpretation and translation. Summative assessment: Written and oral exam. The exam will consist of and individual written work of translation from English into Italian	
		which is then to be discussed orally.	

Programme of "LINGUA E TRADUZIONE TEDESCA I" "GERMAN LANGUAGE AND TRANSLATION I"

"Introduction to German-Italian translation"

DQ0199, Dependent Compulsory

First Cycle Degree in $\it LINGUISTIC$ AND $\it CULTURAL$ $\it MEDIATION$, $\it 3^{rd}$ year, $\it 1^{st}$ semester

	Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours, 1 credit = 25 hours)		
Tea	Teacher: Chiara STAITI		
1	Course objectives	The course introduces students to the methods and the practice of translation so as to stimulate and develop their general textual competence; students will be introduced also to translation theories. On completion of this course, students should be able to translate different types of German texts to good standard Italian.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	Topics of the Module include: - hands-on experience with analyzing and translating German texts - identification and discussion of available translation strategies - analysis of various readings and translation problems - analysis and discussion of authentic printed translations On successful completion of this module, the student should o be able to render standard German into correct fluid Italian o understand the level of complexity of a required translation o understand and explain their translation choices o be able to read and discuss the basics of translation theory	
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	B2 level in German (upper intermediate); full mastery of written and oral Italian. Students are	
4	Teaching methods and language	asked to actively express themselves in the classroom Lectures, class discussion, team work, individual homework Language: Italian and German Ref. Text books: - Umberto Eco, Dire quasi la stessa cosa, Milano: Bompiani, 2010 - Kautz, Ulrich, Handbuch Didaktik des Übersetzens und Dolmetschens, München, Lucidium, 2010, 15-96. - Petruccioli, Daniele, Falsi d'autore, Macerata, Quodlibet:, 2014. - Serafini, Francesca, Questo è il punto, Laterza: Roma-Bari, 2012 (or Mortara Garavelli, Bice, Prontuario di punteggiatura, Laterza: Roma-Bari, 2007)	
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: The students are encouraged to actively participate to the class, by reading, discussing and translating a set of texts. Regularly assigned homework and presentations provide an opportunity for students to work on communication and analysis tasks in order to deepen their analytic competence and develop their ability to produce interpretation and translation. Summative assessment: The final exam will be comprised of a written (optional) and oral part. The exam will consist of and individual (written or oral) work of translation which is then to be discussed orally. An examination on the prescribed readings will follow. The theoretical part of the exam contributes for 1/4 to the total mark.	

Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA SPAGNOLA III" "SPANISH LANGUANGE AND LINGUISTICS III" "Spanish through History: Language Change and Variation"

DQ0062, Dependent Compulsory

First Cycle Degree in LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 3rd year, 1st semester

Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)

Teacher: María José FLORES REQUEJO

The module comprises a main unit of 36 lectures plus about 60 hours of lessons for language training and exercise, given by mother tongue specialist teachers.

The course objectives

Course objectives

The course's objective is to develop an advanced knowledge of the pluricentric architecture of standard Spanish and its synchronic and diachronic variations along different axes (diasystem)

2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	The course will consist of a scientific description of the linguistic variations of the Spanish language through time and space from several perspectives (diatopic, diastratic and diaphasic). The course will include the following topics: basic elements in the evolution of Spanish, diastratic (standard, colloquial and vulgar Spanish) and diatopic variations. Upon completion of the course, students will o have acquired an in-depth knowledge of the variational architecture of the Spanish language: geographic variations, social registers, communicative styles, written vs. oral language etc. o be able to focalize the historical and social aspects of the Spanish language o demonstrate advanced knowledge of the role of language in society, o understand the mechanisms of language change and variation and can give examples for variables on different language levels (phonetic-phonological, lexical, morphological, syntactical and semantic) and different dimensions of the Spanish diasystem.
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Students must have successfully completed the previous course "Spanish Language and Linguistics II". Students study the theoretical framework on the basis of selected readings in variational and historical linguistics, and analyse written and oral text material under guidance.
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, class discussion, team work, individual homework Language: Spanish and Italian Ref. Text books: -R. Lapesa, El español moderno y contemporáneo. Estudios lingüísticos, Crítica, Barcelona, 1996M. Vaquero, El español de América, Arco/Libros, Madrid, 1996, secondo volume: Morfosintaxis y léxicoA.María Vigara Tauste, Morfosintaxis del español coloquial, Gredos, Madrid, 1992.
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: students are encouraged in participating in lectures, by asking questions and discussing the subjects and the texts presented by the teacher. Summative assessment: Oral exam (in Spanish) The exam consists in answering 4 questions concerning the different parts of the programme, including the more technical section (historical grammar). The teacher will take in consideration: a) the general knowledge of the subject (40%); b) the ability to read, understand and explain examples from the texts used during the lectures (30%); c) the speaking skills, and particularly the level of language and terminology (30%).

	Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA TEDESCA III"		
	"GERMAN LANGUAGE AND LINGUISTICS III"		
	0203, Dependent Compulsor		
Firs		AND CULTURAL MEDIATION, 3 rd year, 2 nd semester	
T.		of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)	
Tea	icher: Stefania DI LUCIA		
	Course objectives	The module comprises a main unit of 72 lectures plus about 100 hours of lessons for practical training and exercise, given by mother tongue specialist teachers. The overall objective of the module is twofold: 1) active German language skills on level A2 of CEFR in productive abilities (speaking and	
1		writing) and on level B1 in receptive abilities (reading and listening): 2) basic meta-linguistic and grammar knowledge about German language. The module comprises a main unit of 36 lectures plus about 60 hours of lessons for language training and exercise, given by mother tongue specialist teachers. The overall objective of the module is twofold: 1) active German language skills on level B2/B2+ in all linguistic abilities (reading, writing, speaking and listening);	
		2) advanced knowledge of the Standard grammar of German, as well as theoretical notions of the diasystematic characteristics and the pluricentric architecture of German in synchronic and diachronic perspectives	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	According to the European Framework of Reference, on successful completion of this module students can understand complex texts on concrete and abstract topics, including technical discussions in his/her field of specialization (i.e. language, culture and linguistics), can interact with a good degree of fluency and spontaneity, can produce clear, detailed text on a wide	

		range of subjects and explain his/her viewpoint. If duly prepared, they can present a scientific topic in linguistics. Students acquire a basic theoretical knowledge about the variation of Contemporary German within the geographical, social and situational dimensions. They also focus on historical aspects of the language, such as instances of language change in form and function, the standardization process, language contact phenomena, the consequences of social prestige or stigmatization on language development, etc. On successful completion of this module, students demonstrate: o knowledge of the relationship between language and society, o understanding of the mechanisms of language change and variation, o ability to explain the main characteristics of the contemporary German diasystem, o ability to give examples for variables on different language levels (phonetic-phonological, lexical, morphological, syntactical and semantic).
3	Prerequisites and learning activities	Students must have successfully completed the previous course "German Language and Linguistics II". The main learning activities are lectures, training and practical exercise, individual and group study, presentations.
4	Teaching methods and language	Main methods: Cognitive and communicative method, cooperative learning, autonomous learning under guidance. Language: German Ref. Text Books: Teaching material is handed out during the lessons and on the e-learning platform.
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Formative assessment: The students are encouraged to actively participate to the lectures and the training classes, by making questions and practicing the newly acquired language structures, both in written and oral mode. Regularly assigned homework and individual presentations provide an opportunity for students to get an accurate knowledge about a chosen linguistics topic. Summative assessment: Written and Oral exam. The written exam is a three hours test divided in three parts: 1) reading comprehension (multiple choice questions), 2) listening comprehension (multiple choice questions), 3) writing (e.g. presentation for a job offer). Only students who passed each single part (parts 1 to 3) are eligible to do the oral exam. The oral exam has two parts: 4) a speaking task (e.g. plans for the future, personal experience, opinions etc.); and 5) a part on grammar and linguistics, focusing on language variation and language change in German. This part (5) may be presented in Italian or English, if requested. The theoretical part of the exam (5) contributes for one half to the total mark, the other half being given by the four language using tasks (parts 1 to 4).

Programme of "LINGUA E LINGUISTICA INGLESE III" "ENGLISH LANGUANGE AND LINGUISTICS III"			
DQ0117, Dependent Compulsory First Cycle Degree in <i>LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL MEDIATION</i> , 3 rd year, 1 st and 2 nd semester			
Number of ECTS credits: 6 (workload is 150 hours; 1 credit = 25 hours)			
Teacher: Stefania BISCETTI			
1	Course objectives	The course aims to introduce students to English semantics and pragmatics at word, sentence and discourse level; it also aims to bring students to a proficient knowledge of English at the B2 level of the Common European Framework of Reference for languages.	
2	Course content and Learning outcomes (Dublin descriptors)	The course consists of a lecturer's course (36 hours) and of practical language activities (about 60 hours). The lecturer's course introduces the student to the fundamental concepts of English language and linguistics in the areas of semantics, pragmatics and text linguistics. It also takes up and expands on the grammatical structures and vocabulary relative to the upper-intermediate level of language competence. Practical activities with native English teachers will train the student in the four communicative abilities pertaining to this level of language competence.	

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		The student who successfully completes this module will o have a good knowledge of some theoretical aspects of English semantics and pragmatics. o be able to distinguish semantic from pragmatic meaning, identify sense relations between words, o identify communicative goals of utterances and text types, and recognize cohesive devices in texts. o have a proficient knowledge of English at the B2 level of the CEFR.
3	Prerequisites and learning	For this course the prerequisite is the course unit "English Language and Linguistics II" (B2
	activities	level in English)
4	Teaching methods and language	Lectures, home activities. Language: English Ref. Text books: - Doff, Adrian, Craig Thaine, Herbert Puchta, Jeff Stranks, Peter Lewis-Jones (2015) Empower. Upper-Intermediate Student's Book. Cambridge: C.U.P. - Griffiths, Patrick (2006) An Introduction to English Semantics and Pragmatics. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press. - Levinson, Stephen (1983) Pragmatics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
5	Assessment methods and criteria	Summative assessment: written and oral exam Written exam: (prerequisite for oral exam) consists of questions in multiple-choice, short answer and paragraph form on the topics in English linguistics covered in the course (i.e. semantics, pragmatics, text linguistics). Written answers must be expressed in English. The written exam also includes a language test largely based on exercises drawn from the Cambridge FCE exam model. Oral exam: consists in conversation, reading of words in phonetic transcription, description of visual material, reading and translation of a short paragraph into Italian.